



BLDE

(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Curriculum

**B.Sc. Programme in
Emergency Medicine Technology**

2020-21

Published by

BLDE

(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Declared as Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956

The Constituent College

SHRI B. M. PATIL MEDICAL COLLEGE, HOSPITAL & RESEARCH CENTRE, VIJAYAPURA

Smt. Bangaramma Sajjan Campus, B. M. Patil Road (Sholapur Road), Vijayapura - 586103, Karnataka, India.

BLDE (DU): Phone: +918352-262770, Fax: +918352-263303, Website: www.bldedu.ac.in, E-mail: office@bldedu.ac.in

College: Phone: +918352-262770, Fax: +918352-263019, E-mail: bmpmc.principal@bldedu.ac.in



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SHRI B. M. PATIL MEDICAL COLLEGE, HOSPITAL AND RESEARCH CENTRE

BLDE(DU)/REG/B.Sc.-Bio-Sci/2020-21/ 187/6

May 12, 2020

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Curriculum for B.Sc. Programme in Biomedical Sciences with Semester Scheme

Ref: 1. Minutes of the meeting of the 5th Standing Committee Academic Council of the University held on 06-05-2020.

2. Approval of Board of Management dtd.08-05-2020

3. Approval of Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor vide order no.1834, dtd.09-05-2020

In accordance with the Rule-09 (ii) of the Memorandum of Association (MoA) of the Deemed to be University, the Board of Management (BoM) has approved the Curriculum of '**B.Sc. Programme in Biomedical Sciences**' in 1) Medical Laboratory Technology (MLT), 2) Anaesthesia Technology, 3) Operation Theater Technology, 4) Respiratory Care Technology, 5) Cardiac Care Technology, 6) Perfusion Technology, 7) **Emergency Medicine Technology**, 8) Optometry, 9) Forensic Science, 10) Clinical Genetics, 11) Audiology & Speech-Language Pathology, following Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with Semester Scheme.

The Curriculum shall be effective from the Academic Session 2020-21 onwards, in the Constituent College of the University viz. Shri B. M. Patil Medical College, Hospital and Research Centre, Vijayapura.

To,
The Dean, Faculty of Allied Health Sciences,
Shri B. M. Patil Medical College,
Hospital and Research Centre,
Vijayapura


REGISTRAR
REGISTRAR
BLDE (Deemed to be University)
Vijayapura-586103, Karnataka

Copy to:

- The Secretary, UGC, New Delhi
- The Dean, Faculty of Medicine & Principal
- The Controller of Examinations
- The Dean, Student Affairs
- The Prof. & HoDs of Pre, Para and Clinical Departments
- The Coordinator, IQAC
- PS to the Hon'ble Chancellor
- PS to the Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor

Smt. Bangaramma Sajjan Campus, B. M. Patil Road (Sholapur Road), Vijayapura - 586103, Karnataka, India.

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Vision:

- To be a leader in providing quality medical education, healthcare & to become an Institution of eminence involved in multidisciplinary and translational research, the outcome of which can impact the health & the quality of life of people of this region.

Mission:

- To be committed to promoting sustainable development of higher education, including health science education consistent with statutory and regulatory requirements.
- To reflect the needs of changing technology
- Make use of academic autonomy to identify dynamic educational programs
- To adopt the global concepts of education in the health care sector

Rules and Regulations of Curriculum B.Sc. Emergency Medicine Technology

1. Eligibility for admission

A candidate seeking admission to the Bachelor of Science Degree in Allied Health Sciences [a) to j) above], shall have studied English as one of the principal Courses and shall have passed (except for B.Sc. Imaging Technology):

- a) Two year Pre-University examination or equivalent as recognized by BLDE (DU), Vijayapura with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as principal Courses of study.

OR

- b) Pre-degree course from a recognized University considered as equivalent by BLDE(DU), (two years after ten years of schooling) with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as principal Courses of study.

OR

- c) Any equivalent examination recognized by the BLDE (DU) for the above purpose, with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as principal Courses of study.

OR

- d) Vocational higher secondary education course conducted by Vocational Higher Secondary Education, Government of Kerala with five Courses including Physics, Chemistry, Biology and English in addition to vocational Courses conducted, considered equivalent to 'plus - two' [10+2] examinations of Government of Karnataka Pre University Course.

OR

- e) Two years diploma from a recognized Government Board in a Course for which the candidate desires to enroll in the respective Allied Health Sciences course and shall have passed 'plus two' [10+2] with Physics, Chemistry and Biology, as principle Courses.

OR

- f) Three years diploma from a recognized Government Board in a Course for which the candidate desires to enroll in the respective Allied Health Sciences course, with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as principal Courses during the tenure of the course.

OR

- g) Senior secondary course with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as principal Course of study equivalent to class XII, of open school education system of the central government and state government approved institutions.

- h) In case of B.Sc. Imaging Technology the candidate shall have passed Pre-University or equivalent examination with Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Mathematics, as principal Courses of study.

1. Duration of the Programme:

Duration shall be for a period of three years (six semesters) followed by 6 months of internship.

2. Medium of instruction

The medium of instruction and examination shall be English.

3. Attendance

Candidates should have attended at least 75% of the total number of classes conducted in an academic year, from the date of commencement of the term to the last working day, as notified by the University, in each of the Courses prescribed for that year (theory, practicals, and clinical jointly) to be eligible to appear for the University examinations. Candidates lacking prescribed percentage of attendance in any Course shall not be eligible to appear for the University examination in that Course

4. Internal Assessment (IA)

There shall be a minimum of two internal assessment examinations in theory and practical of each core Course spread over evenly in each semester. The average marks of the two IA examinations shall be submitted to the University at least 15 days before the commencement of the University examination. The University shall have access to the records of IA examinations. Candidates have to secure 35% marks in the IA theory and practical jointly in each Course to become eligible to appear for the University examination. The marks of the IA examinations must be displayed on the notice board of the respective departments within a fortnight from the date of IA examination. If a candidate is absent for any of the IA examinations due to genuine and satisfactory reasons, such a candidate may be given a re-examination, within a fortnight.

5. Course and hours of teaching for theory and practicals

The number of hours of teaching theory and practical, course wise in each semester are shown in table I, II, III, IV, V and VI.

There are three compulsory core Courses in each semester. Language, Allied and Skill enhancement Courses are mandatory for all courses. Candidates shall select one elective Course each in fifth and sixth semester from the list mentioned in the table VII.

SEMESTER- I							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory hours	Credits	Practical hours	Credits	Total hours	Total credits
BEMT 1.1T/P	Anatomy	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 1.2T/P	Physiology	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 1.3T/P	Basic Biochemistry	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 1.4	English	30	2	-	-	30	2
BEMT 1.5	Kannada	30	2	-	-	30	2
Total Credits 18 + 2 + 2							

SEMESTER- II							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory hours	Credits	Practical hours	Credits	Total hours	Total credits
BEMT 2.1T/P	Pathology	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 2.2T/P	Microbiology	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 2.3T/P	Pharmacology	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 2.4	Health care	30	2	-	-	30	2
BEMT 2.5	Psychology	30	2	-	-	30	2
Total Credits	18 + 2 + 2						

SEMESTER- III							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory hours	Credits hours	Practical hours	Credits Credits	Total	Total
BEMT 3.1T/P	Introduction to emergency services - Part I	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 3.2T/P	Emergency Department Equipment Part - I	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 3.3T/P	Emergency Department Pharmacology Part- I	60	4	20	2	80	6
BEMT 3.4	Computer application	30	2	-	-	30	2
BEMT 3.5	Environment science and Health	30	2	-	-	30	2
Total Credits	18 + 2 + 2						

SEMESTER -IV							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory hours	Credits	Modality Posting + Practicals	Credits	Total hours	Total Credits
BEMT 4.1T/P	Introduction to emergency services - Part II	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 4.2T/P	Emergency department equipment -Part II	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 4.3T/P	Emergency Department Pharmacology-Part II	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 4 .4	Biostatistics and Research methodology	30	2	-	-	30	2
BEMT 4.5	Constitution of India	30	2	-	-	30	2
Total Credits	18 + 2 + 2						

SEMESTER- V							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory hours	Credits	Modality Posting + Practicals	Credits	Total hours	Total Credits
BEMT 5.1T/P	Medical emergencies - part I	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 5.2T/P	Trauma, burns and electrocution	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 5.3T/P	Paediatrics emergencies	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 5.4	Elective-I	30	2	-	-	30	2
BEMT 5.5	Medical Ethics	30	2	-	-	30	2
Total Credits	18 + 2 + 2						

SEMESTER -VI							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory hours	Credits	Modality Posting + Practicals	Credits	Total hours	Total Credits
BEMT 6.1T/P	Medical emergencies - Part II	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 6.2T/P	Surgical emergencies	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 6.3T/P	Psychiatric, Geriatric & Obstetric emergencies	60	4	200	2	260	6
BEMT 6.4	Elective-II	30	2	-	-	30	2
BEMT 6.5	Hospital Management	30	2	-	-	30	2
Total Credits	18 + 2 + 2						

INTERNSHIP										
Course Code	Course Name	Credits/Week				Hrs/semester				
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/Rotation	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/Rotation	Total hrs.
BEMT 7.1	Internship	-	-	-	1440	-	-	-	1440	1440
Total		0	0	0	1440	0	0	0	1440	1440

7. End Semester Examination

- a) University examinations (UE): The University shall conduct examination for the core Courses at the end of each semester. The candidates, who satisfy the requirement of attendance and internal assessment, shall be eligible to appear for the University examination. The head of the institution shall verify the same before forwarding the applications to the University within stipulated time along with the prescribed fee.
- b) Non-University Examinations (NUE): Examination for Languages, Allied Courses, Skill enhancement and Elective Courses shall be conducted by the college and the marks obtained shall be submitted to the University along with the IA marks of the core Courses at least 15 days before the commencement of the University examination. The marks of non-core Courses shall be incorporated in the marks card issued by the University.
- c) The candidate must have passed all the previous Courses (Core/Language/Skill enhancement/Allied/elective), to appear for the sixth semester University examination.

8. Scheme of Examination:

Distribution of Courses and marks for each semester theory and practical examinations are shown in the Table - VIII, IX, X, XI, XII and XIII.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory				Practical			
		IA	UE	NUE	Total	IA	UE	NUE	Total
BEMT 1.1T/P	Anatomy	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 1.2T/P	Physiology	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 1.3T/P	Basic Biochemistry	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 1.4	English	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-
BEMT 1.5	Kannada	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-

Course Code	Course Name	Theory				Practical			
		IA	UE	NUE	Total	IA	UE	NUE	Total
BEMT 2.1T/P	Pathology	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 2.2T/P	Microbiology	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 2.3T/P	Pharmacology	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 2.4	Health care	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-
BEMT 2.5	Psychology	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-

Course Code	Course Name	Theory				Practical			
		IA	UE	NUE	Total	IA	UE	NUE	Total
BEMT 3.1T/P	Introduction to emergency services- Part I	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 3.2T/P	Emergency Department Equipment Part-I	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 3.3T/P	Emergency Department Pharmacology Part-I	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 3.4	Computer application	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-
BEMT 3.5	Environment science and Health	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-

Course Code	Course Name	Theory				Practical			
		IA	UE	NUE	Total	IA	UE	NUE	Total
BEMT 4.1T/P	Introduction to emergency services- Part II	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 4.2T/P	Emergency department equipment part II	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 4.3T/P	Emergency Department Pharmacology-Part II	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 4.4	Biostatistics & Research methodology	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-
BEMT 4.5	Constitution of India	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-

Course Code	Course Name	Theory				Practical			
		IA	UE	NUE	Total	IA	UE	NUE	Total
BEMT 5.1T/P	Medical emergencies-part I	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 5.2T/P	Trauma, burns & electrocution	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 5.3T/P	Paediatrics emergencies	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 5.4		-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-
BEMT 5.5	Medical Ethics	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-

Course Code	Course Name	Theory				Practical			
		IA	UE	NUE	Total	IA	UE	NUE	Total
BEMT 6.1T/P	Medical emergencies-Part II	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 6.2T/P	Surgical emergencies	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 6.3T/P	Psychiatric, Geriatric and Obstetric emergencies	30	70	-	100	10	40	-	50
BEMT 6.4		-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-
BEMT 6.5	Hospital Management	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	-

Question paper pattern for end semester University theory examinations (70 marks)

I	Long Answers	(Answer 2 out of 3)	$2 \times 10 = 20$
II	Short Essay	(Answer 7 out of 9)	$7 \times 5 = 35$
III	Answer	(Answer all 5)	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	Total	=	70

Question paper pattern for end semester Non-University theory examinations (50 marks)

I	Long Answers	(Answer 1 out of 3)	$1 \times 10 = 10$
II	Short Essay	(Answer 5 out of 7)	$5 \times 5 = 25$
III	Answer	(Answer all 5)	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	Total	=	50

9. Examiners

- a) Appointment of Examiners
Examiners shall be appointed by the University to conduct the end semester University examinations, from the panel of examiners approved by the Board of Studies. For Practical examinations, there shall be one external examiner and one internal examiner. Theory paper shall be valued by both the examiners.
- b) Qualification and Experience of Examiners
For question paper setting and external examiner: Post graduation in the respective field with five years of teaching experience.
For Internal examiners: Post graduation in the respective field with three years of teaching experience.

10. Criteria for pass

Core Courses: Candidates are declared to have passed in a Course, if they secure 40% of marks in University examination and internal assessment added together.

Theory & practical shall be considered as separate Courses. If a candidate passes in practical examination but fails in theory paper, such candidate is exempted from reappearing for practical but shall have to appear in the subsequent examination for the theory paper in which the candidate has failed OR vice versa.

Language papers, allied papers, skill enhancement and elective papers:
The minimum prescribed marks for a pass shall be 35% of the maximum marks prescribed for a Course.

11. Grading of performances

a) Letter grades and grade points allocations

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table - XIV.

Table - XIV: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to percentage of marks and performances

Percentage of Marks obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 – 100	O	10	Outstanding
80.00 – 89.99	A	9	Excellent
70.00 – 79.99	B	8	Good
60.00 – 69.99	C	7	Fair
50.00 – 59.99	D	6	Satisfactory
40.00 - 49.99	E	5	Average
Less than 40	F	0	Fail
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A candidate who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of AB and a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

b) The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses (Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

$$\text{SGPA} = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3 + C4G4 + C5G5}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points. It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, the SGPA shall then be computed as:

$$\text{C5G5 SGPA} = \frac{\text{C1G1} + \text{C2G2} + \text{C3G3} + \text{C4* ZERO} + \text{C5G5}}{\text{C1} + \text{C2} + \text{C3} + \text{C4} + \text{C5}}$$

c) Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the VIII semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all VIII semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed status in case of F grade(s), till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s) is/are passed by obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) the CGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier. The CGPA is calculated as:

$$\text{CGPA} = \frac{\text{C1S1} + \text{C2S2} + \text{C3S3} + \text{C4S4} + \text{C5S5} + \text{C6S6} + \text{C7S7} + \text{C8S8}}{\text{C1} + \text{C2} + \text{C3} + \text{C4} + \text{C5} + \text{C6} + \text{C7} + \text{C8}}$$

where C1, C2, C3,.... is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,.... and S1, S2, S3,....is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,.... .

12. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows:

- First Class with Distinction = CGPA of 7.50 and above
- First Class = CGPA of 6.00 to 7.49
- Second Class = CGPA of 5.00 to 5.99
- Pass Class = CGPA of 4.00 to 4.99

13. Carry over

A candidate should pass all the Courses (core/language/skill enhancement/ allied/elective) of first semester, to enter into the third semester. Similarly, second semester Courses should be cleared before entering fourth semester and third semester Courses should be cleared before entering fifth semester. However, the candidate must have passed all the previous Courses (core/language/skill enhancement/ allied/elective) to appear for the sixth semester University examination.

14. Internship

Six months internship shall be mandatory after successful completion of sixth semester examination. The 'Internship Completion Certificate' shall be issued By the College and copy of same is submitted to the University.

15. Award of Ranks/Medals

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more Course during the course shall not be eligible for award of ranks.

16. Award of degree

A candidate who has passed in all the Courses (core/language/allied/skill enhancement/elective papers) of all the semesters and has successfully completed the internship shall be eligible for award of degree.

17. Revaluation and Re-totaling of answer papers

There is no provision for revaluation of the answer papers in any examination. However, the candidates can apply for re-totaling by paying prescribed fee.

18. Maximum duration for completion of Programme

A candidate shall complete the course within six years from date of admission, failing, which candidate shall re-register for the course. Semester Courses should be cleared before entering fifth semester. However, the candidate must have passed all the previous Courses (core/language/skill enhancement/ allied/elective) to appear for the sixth semester University examination.

14. Internship

Six months internship shall be mandatory after successful completion of sixth semester examination. The 'Internship Completion Certificate' shall be issued by the college and copy of same is submitted to the University.

15. Award of Ranks/Medals

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more Course during the course shall not be eligible for award of ranks.

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SEMESTER-I
BEMT 1.1T/P Anatomy

Objectives:

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- Describe the structure, composition and functions of the organ systems of human body.
- Describe how the organ systems function and interrelate.
- Learn basic technical terminology and language associated with anatomy.

Learning Objectives: Skills

- Use the process of prosecution to investigate anatomical structure.
- Use the microscope to learn anatomical or histological structure.
- Learn how to study, interpret and care for anatomical specimens.

Contents Theory:

Unit I:

- Organization of the Human Body **12hrs**
Introduction to the human body Definition and subdivisions of anatomy
Anatomical position and terminology
Cell - Definition of a cell, shapes and sizes of cells
- Parts of a cell - cell membranes, cytoplasm, sub cellular organelles.
Cell Division - Definition and main events in different stages of mitosis and meiosis.
Tissues - Tissues of the body
- Definition and types of tissues
- Characteristics, functions and locations of different types of tissues
- Epithelial tissue - definition, classification with examples
- Glands- classification with examples

Unit II:

Locomotion and Support **12hrs**

1. Cartilage – Types with examples

2. Skeletal system

Skeleton - Definition, axial and appendicular skeleton with names and number of bones, Types of bones. Marking of bones. Functions of bones. Development (types and ossification) and growth of bone. Name, location and general features of the bones of the body.

Joints - Definition and types of joints with examples. Axes and kind of movements possible. Name, location, type, bones forming, ligaments, movements possible and the muscles producing such movements of the joints of the body.

3. Muscular System

Parts of the Skeletal muscle. Definition of origin and insertion. Classification of muscular tissue. Compartment muscles of upper limb, lower limb, sternocleidomastoid

Unit III :

Maintenance of the Human Body

12hrs

1. Cardio-vascular system

Types and general structure of blood vessels. Structure and types of arteries and veins. Structure of capillaries. Shape, size, location, coverings, external and internal features of heart. Structure of heart wall. Conducting system and blood supply of the heart. The systemic arteries and veins. Name, location, branches and main-distribution of major arteries and veins.

2. Lymphatic system

Lymph, lymphatic vessels, name, location and features of the lymphoid organs.

3. Respiratory system

Names of organs of respiration, Location and features of nose, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, lungs and pleura.

4. Digestive system

Names of organs of digestion. Location and features of mouth, pharynx, esophagus, stomach, small and large intestines. Location and features of salivary glands, pancreas, liver and gall bladder

UNIT IV.

1. Urinary system and Reproductive system

12hrs

Names of urinary organs, location and features of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder and urethra.

Names of male and female organs of reproduction. Location and features of scrotum, testis, epididymis, vas deferens, seminal vesicle, ejaculatory duct, prostate gland, penis and spermatic cord.

Location and features of uterus & its supports, uterine tube, ovary & mammary gland.

2. Development

Gametes, period of gestation, gametogenesis, structure of sperm and ovum, growth of ovarian follicles, events of 1st, 2nd and 3rd weeks of development, folding of embryo. Derivatives of germ layers, placenta

Unit V :

Control Systems of the Body

12hrs

1. Nervous system

Sub-divisions of the nervous system

Brain - Sub-divisions, location external features and internal structure of medulla oblongata, pons, mid-brain, cerebellum and cerebrum.

Spinal cord - Location, extent, spinal segments, external features and internal structure.

Location and features of thalamus and hypothalamus.

Locations and subdivisions of basal ganglia. Meninges and spaces around them.

Name and location of ventricles of brain and circulation of cerebrospinal fluid.

Blood supply of the brain and spinal cord. Cranial nerves

2. Sense organs

Location and features of the nose, tongue, eye, ear and skin

3. Endocrine system

Names of the endocrine glands. Location and features of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal, pancreas, ovaries and testes. Names of hormones produced by each gland.

Practical :

1. Demonstration of parts of microscope and its uses
2. Demonstration of skeleton and joint
3. Demonstration of deltoid and gluteus maximus , Cubital fossa
4. Demonstration of heart and its blood supply, demonstration of major arteries of upper limb and lower limb, histology of cardiac muscle and histology of vessels
5. Demonstration of location and parts of lungs , histology of trachea and lungs
6. Demonstration of location of stomach, small and large intestines. Location and features of pancreas, liver and gall bladder
7. Demonstration of location and features of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder and urethra. Histology of urinary system except urethra
8. Demonstration of location of male and female reproductive organs
9. Demonstration of brain and spinal cord
10. Histology of cornea and retina

Practical Examination Pattern

40 Marks

1. Gross Anatomy- Discussion of anyone specimen -10 Marks
Discussion of specimens of Cardiovascular system, Respiratory System, Gastrointestinal system, Urinary system, Reproductive system
2. Spotters - Cardiovascular system, Respiratory System, Gastrointestinal system, Urinary system, Reproductive system- 10x2=20 Marks
3. Histology discussion of anyone demonstrated slide - 10 Marks

Recommended books:

1. Ross and Wilson: Anatomy and Physiology in Health and illness
2. Understanding Human Anatomy and Physiology, William Davis (p) MC Graw Hill
3. Essentials of Human Embryology. Bhatnagar, Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd.
4. Anatomy for B.Sc Nursing by Renu Chauhan. Arichal publishing company 2012
5. Hand book of Anatomy BD Chaurasia
6. Basics in Human Anatomy for B.Sc. Paramedical Courses 1st edition 2008
Jaypee Publishers

Reference books:

1. BD Chaurasia: Regional Anatomy. Vol-I, II, III 6th edition

BEMT 1.2T/P Physiology

Objectives

At the end of the semester students should be able to describe

1. Blood cell counts
2. Nerve and muscle functions
3. Cardiac functions
4. Pulmonary functions
5. Renal functions
6. The actions of various hormones
7. Functions of Central nervous system and special senses

Contents:

Theory

UNIT -I

General physiology and Blood 12 Hrs

General Physiology (2 Hrs)

- Organization of the cell and its function, homeostasis
- Transport across cell membrane
- Membrane Potentials - Resting Membrane Potential & Action Potential
- Body Fluid Compartments - Normal Values

Blood (10 Hrs)

- Introduction: composition and function of blood.
- Red blood cells: erythropoiesis, stages of differentiation, function, count, physiological variation.
- Structure, function, concentration, physiological variation, methods of estimation of hemoglobin.
- White blood cells: production, function, count.
- Platelets: origin, normal count, morphology & functions.
- Plasma proteins: types, functions
- Haemostasis: definition, normal haemostasis, clotting factors, mechanism of clotting, disorders of clotting - Blood groups: ABO system, Rh system. Blood grouping & typing, cross matching.
Rh system: Rh factor, Rh incompatibility. -Blood transfusion: indication. transfusion reactions.
- Anticoagulants: classification, examples and uses.
Anemia's: morphological and etiological classification, -Blood indices: CI, MCH, MCV, MCHC.
- Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) and packed cell volume, normal values.

UNIT -II

Digestive system& Respiratory system

12hrs

Digestive System (4Hrs)

- Physiological anatomy of gastro intestinal tract, functions of digestive system.
- Salivary glands: structure and functions, deglutition: stages and regulation.
- Stomach: structure and functions. Gastric secretion: composition function regulation of gastric juice secretion.
- Pancreas : structure, function, composition of pancreatic juice
- Functions of liver. Bile secretion, composition, function. jaundice: types.
- Functions of gall bladder.
- Small intestine: functions, digestion, absorption, movements.
- Large intestine: functions, movements defecation

Respiratory system (8 Hrs)

- Functions of respiratory system, physiological anatomy of respiratory system, respiratory tract, respiratory muscles.
- Mechanism of normal and rigorous respiration, forces opposing and favoring expansion of the lungs. Intrapulmonary & intra pleural pressure.
- Surface tension, recoil tendency of the thoracic cage and lungs.
- Transport of respiratory gases: transport of oxygen & carbon dioxide, oxy haemoglobin dissociation curve, factors affecting it.
- Lung volumes and capacities - normal values
- Regulation of respiration: mechanisms of regulation, nervous and chemical regulation, respiratory centre.
- Applied physiology: hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnoea, apnoea.

UNIT -III

Cardiovascular and Endocrine system 12hrs

Cardio vascular system (7Hrs)

- Heart: Physiological Anatomy, Nerve supply.
- Properties of cardiac muscle, cardiac cycle:
- Conducting System of Heart, Origin and Spread of Cardiac Impulse
- Electrocardiogram (ECG) waves and normal duration. Recording
- Cardiac Cycle: Phases and Volume Changes
- Normal heart sounds, areas of auscultation. Pulse: jugular, radial pulse,
- Cardiac output: definitions of stroke volume, cardiac index, factors Affecting It. measurement of Cardiac output.
- General principles of circulation
- Blood pressure: definition, normal value, clinical measurement of blood pressure, hypotension, hypertension. Factors affecting it and regulation
- Physiological variations & regulation of heart rate.
- Coronary circulation.
- Shock

Endocrine System (5 Hrs)

- Classification of endocrine glands & Definition of hormone.
- Pituitary hormones: anterior and posterior pituitary hormones, secretion, functions
- Thyroid gland: physiological anatomy, hormone secreted, physiological function, regulation, secretion, disorders (hypo and hyper secretion of hormone).
- Adrenal cortex: physiological anatomy. cortical hormones, functions and regulation.
- Adrenal medulla: hormones, regulation and secretion. Functions of adrenaline and nor adrenaline.
- Hormones of pancreas. Insulin: secretion, regulation, function and action. Diabetes mellitus: regulation of blood glucose level.
- Parathyroid gland: function, action, regulation of secretion of parathyroid hormone.

Calcitonin:

UNIT -IV

Excretory system and Reproductive system 12 hrs

Excretory System (8Hrs)

- Functional anatomy of kidney
- Juxta glomerular apparatus: structure and function.
- Glomerular filtration
- Tubular function (reabsorption and secretion)
- Micturition, innervation of bladder, cystometrogram.
- Artificial kidney, renal function tests skin and body temperature

Reproductive system (4Hrs)

- Male reproductive system: functions of testes, spermatogenesis: Endocrine functions of testes -Female reproductive system: oestrogen, progesteron, menstrual cycle: ovulation, physiological changes during pregnancy, pregnancy tests.
- Lactation: composition of milk, factors controlling lactation.

UNIT -V

Muscle nerve physiology, Nervous system and Special senses

12hrs Muscle nerve physiology (3Hrs)

- Classification and properties of neuron and neuroglia. Classification of nerve fibers
- Classification of muscle, structure of skeletal muscle,
- Neuromuscular junction. Transmission across nmj
- Excitation contraction coupling. muscle tone, fatigue, rigormortis

Nervous system (5Hrs)

- Organisation of nervous system
- Synapse: structure, types, properties.
- Receptors: definition, classification, properties. Sensations-pain
- Organization Spinal cord. Ascending tracts, descending tracts.
- Reflex : definition reflex arc, clinical classification of reflexes : Babinski's sign.
- Hypothalamus- functions
- Cerebral cortex lobes - functions,
- Cerebellum- functions
- Basal ganglia functions.
- Cerebro Spinal Fluid (CSF) : formation, circulation & reabsorption . composition and functions. Lumbar puncture.
- Autonomic Nervous System: Sympathetic and parasympathetic distribution

Special senses (4Hrs)

- Vision: structure of eye, function of different parts. Structure of retina. visual pathway, errors of refraction
- Hearing: structure and functions of ear.
- Taste: taste buds and taste pathway.
- Olfaction: receptors, pathway.

Practicals (20 Hrs)

1. Haemoglobinometry.
2. Haemocytometry
3. Total leucocyte count.
4. Total Red blood cell count.
5. Determination of blood groups.
6. Differential WBC count.
7. Determination of clotting time, bleeding time.
8. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR). Determination of packed cell Volume, Calculation of Blood indices: CI, MCH, MCV, MCHC.
9. Blood pressure recording.
10. Spirometry, Artificial Respiration

Practical Examination : 40 Marks

1. Estimation of Hemoglobin. - 10 marks
2. Determination of Blood Groups. - 10 marks
3. Determination of Bleeding and Clotting time. - 10 marks
4. Spotters - Haemocytometer, (Identification of cells) Differential Count, Sphygmomanometer, Spirometer . - 10 marks

Recommend Books

1. A.K.Jain, Human Physiology and Biochemistry for physical therapy and occupational Therapy, 1st edition Arya publication.
2. Dr. Venkatesh .D and Dr. Sudhakar H.S.Basic of medical physiology, 2nd edition, Wolter-Kluwer publication.
3. Chaudhari (Sujith K) Concise Medical Physiology 6th Ed. New Central Book.

Reference Books

1. A.K.Jain, Text book of Physiology for medical students, 4th edition Arya publication.
2. Guyton (Arthur) Text Book of Physiology.11th Ed. Prismpublishers.
3. Ganong (William F) Review of Medical Physiology. 23rd Ed . Appleton.

BEMT 1.3T/P Basic Biochemistry

Unit I-

12hrs

Chemistry of Cell & Chemistry of Carbohydrates, Proteins, Lipids & Nucleotides-

Cell- Structure & Function of Cell Membrane, Subcellular Organelles and their Functions.

Carbohydrates- Definition, Classification & Biological importance of carbohydrates, Derivatives of Monosaccharides.

Proteins- Definition & Classification of amino acids & Proteins, Biologically important peptides Plasma proteins, Immunoglobulins.

Lipids- Definition, Classification & Biological importance and Functions of Lipids. Structure and functions of Cholesterol, types and functions of Lipoproteins.

Nucleotides- Structure and Functions of DNA & RNA. Biologically important nucleotides.

Unit II-

12hrs

Enzymes & Acid base balance

Enzymes- Definition and Classification. Factors affecting enzyme activity. Coenzymes and Cofactors. Enzyme inhibition & Regulation of enzyme activity

Acid Base balance- Acids, Bases & Body Buffers, Regulation of pH, Acid base disorders.

Unit III-

12hrs

Vitamins & Minerals

Vitamins- Classification, Sources, RDA, Functions (in brief), deficiency manifestations and hypervitaminosis.

Minerals- Classification, Sources, RDA, Functions (in Brief), deficiency manifestations of the following: calcium, phosphorous, iron, copper, iodine, zinc, fluoride, magnesium, selenium, sodium, potassium and chloride.

Unit IV-

12hrs

Nutrition, Blood chemistry & Urine Chemistry

Nutrition- Nutrients, Calorific value of food, BMR, SDA, respiratory quotient and its applications, Balanced diet based on age, sex and activity, biological value of proteins, nitrogen balance, Protein energy malnutrition, Total parenteral nutrition, dietary fibers.

Blood chemistry- Biochemical components & their reference ranges in normal & diseased states.

Urine chemistry- Biochemical components & their reference ranges in normal & diseased states

Unit V-

12hrs

Clinical Biochemistry- 10 hrs

Specimen Collection- Blood, Urine and Body fluids. Pre analytical, analytical and post analytical errors

Clinical Biochemistry- Parameters to diagnose Diabetes & Cardiovascular diseases.

Diagnostic enzymology, Assessment of arterial Blood gas status and electrolyte balance, Point of Care Testing. Renal Function tests(in brief), Liver function tests(in brief), Biomedical Waste Management.

Practicals

1. General Reactions of Carbohydrates.
2. Color reactions of Proteins.
3. Reactions of Non Protein nitrogenous substances.
4. Demonstration of pH meter, Colorimeter and spectrophotometer.
5. Demonstration of Chromatography and Electrophoresis.

Practical Examination

1. Identification of Substance of physiological importance - 10 Marks
2. Color reactions of Proteins - 10 Marks
3. Spotters - 10 Marks
4. Charts on Clinical biochemistry - 10 Marks

Recommended books Recent edition

1. Textbook of Biochemistry -D.M.Vasudevan
2. Biochemistry -Pankaja Naik
3. Clinical Biochemistry-Principles and Practice-Praful.B.Godkar
4. Textbook of Biochemistry-Chatterjea and Shinde
5. Textbook of Clinical Chemistry-Norbert W Teitz

Reference Books Recent Edition

1. Harpers Biochemistry
2. Clinical Biochemistry-Michael L.Bishop
3. Textbook of Biochemistry-Rafi M.D
4. Lippincott's Illustrated review of Biochemistry
5. Practical Clinical Biochemistry-Harold Varley

BEMT 1.4 Language-1English

UNIT I

Introduction

a) Study Techniques - Reading Comprehension

Exercises on reading passages and answering questions based on the passage.

b) Organization of Effective Note Taking

Why good note-taking is important

Effective note-taking is an important practice to master at university. You have a lot of new knowledge and you need to develop reliable mechanisms for recording and retrieving it when necessary. But note-taking is also a learning process in itself, helping you to process and understand the information you receive.

c) Use of the Dictionary

Tips on how to use the dictionary

1. Choose the right dictionary.

2. Read the introduction.

3. Learn the abbreviations.

4. Learn the guide to pronunciation.

5. Looking Up a Word

a) Find the section of the dictionary with first letter of your word.

b) Read the guide words.

c) Scan down the page for your word.

d) Read the definition.

6. Online dictionaries

7. Research various facts.

8. Thesaurus

It is a dictionary of synonyms and antonyms, such as the online Thesaurus.com.

Enlargement of Vocabulary

Roots : A to G Effective Diction Foreign Expressions - meaning and pronunciation

UNIT II

Applied Grammar

a) Correct Usage

The Eight Parts of Speech

1. Noun
2. Pronoun
3. Adjective
4. Verb
5. Adverb
6. Preposition
7. Conjunction
8. Interjection

b) The Structure of Sentences

What is a sentence?

What are clauses?

What are phrases?

Types of sentences:

1. Simple sentences
2. Compound sentences
3. Complex sentences

c) The Structure of Paragraphs

1. What is a Paragraph?

Paragraphs are comprised of sentences, but not random sentences. A paragraph is a group of sentences organized around a central topic.

2. The Secrets to Good Paragraph Writing:

Four Essential Elements

The four elements essential to good paragraph writing are: unity, order, coherence, and completeness.

4. Paragraph Structure

A paragraph consists of 3 main structures :

1. Claim
2. Evidence
3. Analysis

d) Enlargements of Vocabulary

Roots: H to M

UNIT III:

Written Composition

- a) Precise writing and Summarizing

1. Definition of precise:

A precise or summary is an encapsulation of someone's writing or ideas.

Technically it should be one - third the length of the actual passage given.

2. Definition of summary:

Summaries may not always follow a direct line through what they're summarizing - if you want to summarize someone else's ideas in a few sentences, it might make more sense if you begin with their conclusion, and work back to the arguments they use to develop that conclusion.

Guidelines to follow while writing a summary are:

- 1) Divide...and conquer.
- 2) Read.
- 3) Reread.
- 4) One sentence at a time.
- 5) Write a thesis statement.
- 6) Check for accuracy.
- 7) Revise.

b) Writing of a Bibliography

I. What is a bibliography?

A bibliography is an alphabetical list of all materials consulted in the preparation of your assignment.

II. What is an annotated bibliography?

An annotated bibliography is an alphabetical list of books or articles for which you have added explanatory or critical notes.

III. Why you must do a bibliography?

- a) To acknowledge and give credit to sources of words, ideas, diagrams, illustrations and quotations borrowed, or any materials summarized or paraphrased.
- b) To show that you are respectfully borrowing other people's ideas, not stealing them, i.e. to prove that you are not plagiarizing.

IV. What must be included in a bibliography?

- author
- Title
- Place of publication
- publisher
- Date of publication
- Page number(s) (for articles from magazines, journals, periodicals, newspapers, encyclopedias, or in anthologies).

V. Writing a bibliography in MLA style

1. Standard Format for a Book:

Author. Title: Subtitle. City or Town: Publisher, Year of Publication.

If a book has no author or editor stated, begin with the title. If the city or town is not commonly known, add the abbreviation for the State or Province.

2. Standard Format for a Magazine, Periodical, Journal, or Newspaper Article:

Author. "Title: Subtitle of Article." Title of Magazine, Journal, or Newspaper Day, Month, Year of Publication: Page Number(s).

c) Enlargement of Vocabulary

Roots - N to S

UNIT IV:

Reading and Comprehension

a) Review of selected materials and express oneself in one's words

Seminar for students on power point presentation and book review.

b) Enlargement of Vocabulary

Roots - T to Z

UNIT V:

The study of Various forms of Composition

a) Paragraph

Exercises for students on short paragraph topics.

b) Essay

How to Write an Essay

The writing of an essay has three stages :

1. Essay writing

2. Close reading

3. Research

c) Letter

Mechanics of writing formal and business letters.

Exercises on writing letters for students.

d) Summary

Writing reports: project report, magazine article and reporting in newspapers on sporting events.

e) Practice In Writing

Exercises and assignments on report writing for students.

UNIT VI:

Verbal Communication

a) Discussions And Summarization

Tips on taking minutes of a meeting

Why Meeting Minutes Matter

Meeting minutes are important. They capture the essential information of a meeting - decisions and assigned actions. The following instructions will help you take useful and concise meeting minutes.

Before the Meeting

If you are recording the minutes, make sure you aren't a major participant in the meeting. You can't perform both tasks well.

Create a template for recording your meeting minutes and make sure you leave some blank space to record your notes.

Decide how you want to record your notes. If you aren't comfortable relying on your pen and notepad, try using a tape recorder or, if you're a fast typist, take a laptop to the meeting.

During the Meeting

As people enter the room, check off their names on your attendee list. Ask the meeting lead to introduce you to meeting attendees you aren't familiar with. This will be helpful later when you are recording assigned tasks or decisions.

After the Meeting

Review the notes and add additional comments, or clarify what you didn't understand right after the meeting.

a) Debates

Group Discussions:

1. Do's in a group discussion:

- Be confident. Introduce yourself with warm smile and get into topic soon.
- Have eye contact with all group members
- Learn to listen.
- Be polite.
- Be a good team player. Move with all group members and help them when needed.

2. Don'ts in a group discussion:

- Don't be harsh when you are interrupted.
- Don't interrupt the other person
- Don't try to push your ideas on others.
- Don't argue. Everyone is free to express their ideas.

c) Oral Reports

An oral report is a presentation, usually done for a student's teacher and classmates, though it can also be done for a larger segment of the school community, for parents, or for a more open group, depending on the circumstances. For example, at a science fair, a student might present a report on his or her project periodically for the class, for other visitors who pass by, and for judges.

d) Use in Teaching

Writing of dialogues

Originating from dialogues, the Greek word for conversation, the term dialogue refers to a verbal conversation between two or more people.

When writing dialogues, it is important to adhere to specific grammar rules. The following points need to be remembered while writing dialogues for role play.

1. Quotation Marks
2. Periods
3. Question Marks
4. Commas
5. Capitalization and Paragraphs
6. How Dialogue Enhances Writing

Dialogue reveals information about the speaker(s) within a written work. Dialogue also enhances the story line and plot.

a) Exposes Character Traits

Through indirect characterization, dialogue reveals details about a character by what they say, how they say it, and perhaps what they choose not to say.

b) Unveils Mood/Emotions

A character's word choice, description of tone, and choice of language reveal the inner state of the character without directly "telling" the audience. Showing instead of telling creates a deeper understanding of the character through the eyes of the reader or audience.

c) Reveals Motivation/Influences

Dialogue can illuminate a character's internal motivation or desires.

d) Establishes Relationships

Seeing how a character addresses and responds to other characters shows the type of relationships that they form and where their relationships currently stand. Dialogue can demonstrate how relationships change throughout the course of the story. It can show how a character changes or responds to various situations.

Exercises for students on preparing a dialogue exchange between two people

1. On the street (with a vegetable vendor)
2. At college with a lecturer (regarding admissions)
3. In a bank with the manager (for opening a bank account)
4. Telephone conversation with a hotel receptionist (make room reservations)
5. Telephone conversation (taking an appointment with the dentist/doctor)

SEMESTER-II
BEMT 2.1T/P General Pathology

Unit I-

Introduction- & scope of pathology **12hrs**

Cell injury and Cellular adaptations- Normal cell, Cell injury- types, etiology, morphology, Cell death-autolysis, necrosis, apoptosis, Cellular adaptations- atrophy, hypertrophy, hyperplasia, metaplasia.

Inflammation-Introduction, acute inflammation-vascular events, cellular events, chemical mediators, chronic inflammation- general features, granulomatous inflammation, tuberculosis.

Healing and repair- Definition, different phases of healing, factors influencing wound healing, fracture healing.

Haemodynamic disorders-

Oedema,hypermia,congestion,haemorrhage,embolism,thrombosis,infarction.

Neoplasia- Defintion, nomenclature, features of benign and malignant tumors, Spread of tumors, Dysplasia, carcinoma in situ, precancerous lesions.

Environmental and nutritional pathology- smoking, radiation injury, malnutrition, obesity, vitamin deficiencies.

Unit II-

Haematological Disorders **12hrs.**

Introduction and Haematopoiesis

Anaemia- introduction and classification (morphological and etiological), iron deficiency anemia: distribution of body iron, iron absorption, causes of iron deficiency , lab findings, megaloblastic anemia: causes ,lab findings, Haemolytic anemia's: definition. Causes, classification and lab findings.

WBC disorders- quantitative disorders, leukemia-introduction and classification, acute leukemia's, chronic leukemia's.

Bleeding disorders- introduction, physiology of hemostasis. Classification, causes of inherited and acquired bleeding disorders, thrombocytopenia DIC, laboratory findings. Pancytopenia.

Unit- III

Basic Hematological Techniques **12 hrs**

Characteristics of good technician, Blood collection- methods (capillary blood, venipuncture, arterial puncture) complications, patient after care, anticoagulants, transport of the specimen, preservation, effects of storage, separation of serum and plasma, universal precautions, complete hemogram- CBC, peripheral smear, BT, CT, PT, APTT, ESR, disposal of the waste in the laboratory.

UNIT IV-

Transfusion Medicine **12 hrs**

Selection of donor , blood grouping, Rh typing, cross matching, storage, transfusion transmitted diseases, transfusion reactions, components- types, indications.

UNITV-

Clinical Pathology

12 hrs

- Introduction to clinical pathology- collection, transport, preservation, and processing of various clinical specimens.

Urinalysis- collection. Preservatives, physical, chemical examination and microscopy, physical examination; volume, color, odor, appearance, specific gravity and ph, chemical examination; strip method- protein- heat and acetic acid test, sulfosalicylic acid method, reducing sugar- benedicts test, ketone bodies- rotheras test, bile pigments- fouchet method, bile salt- hays method, blood- benzidine test, urobilinogen and porphobilinogen- ehrlich aldehyde and schwartz test, bence jones protein., microscopy.

Examination of cerebrospinal fluid-physical examination , chemical examination, microscopic examination, examination of body fluids (pleural, pericardial and peritoneal), physical examination, chemical examination, microscopic examination, sputum examination.

Practicals:

Laboratory organization-

Reception of specimen, dispatch of reports, records keeping, coding of cases. Laboratory safety guidelines.

SI units and conventional units in hospital laboratory.

Haematology techniques

Basic requirements for hematology

laboratory Glass wares for hematology

Equipments for haematology.

Anticoagulant vials

Complete blood counts.

Determinations of haemoglobin.

RBC count and TLC by hemocytometer.

Differential leukocyte count.

Determination of platelet count

Determination of ESR and PCV.

Erythrocyte Indices- MCV, MCH, MCHC.

Reticulocyte count

Absolute eosinophilic count

Morphology of blood cells

Urine analysis

Examination of cerebrospinal fluid

Examination of body fluids (pleural, pericardial, peritoneal)

Sputum examination.

Practical Examination- 40 marks.

Spotters- 10 marks.

Estimation of Haemoglobin or blood grouping- 10 marks.

Urine analysis- 10 marks.

Determination of ESR and PCV- 10 marks.

1. Recommended Books Recent Editions.

1. Basic pathology Robbins Saunders, an imprint of Elsevier Inc., Philadelphia, USA.
2. Text book of pathology Harsha mohan jaypee brothers, New Delhi.
3. Practical pathology P. Chakraborty, Gargi Chakraborty New Central book agency, Kolkata.
4. Text book of Haematology Dr Tejinder singh Arya publications, sirmour (HP)
5. Text book of Medical Laboratory Technology Praful Godkar Bhalani publications house, Mumbai.
6. Textbook of medical Laboratory Technology Ramanik sood
7. Practical Haematology Sir John Dacie Churchill Livingstone, London.
8. Todd and Sanford, clinical diagnosis and management by Laboratory
9. Methods john Bernard Henry All India Traveller Bookseller.
10. Histopathology Techniques, Culling.
11. Histopathology Techniques Bancroft
12. Diagnostic Cytopathology Koss
13. Diagnostic Cytopathology Winfred grey
14. Hand book of Medical laboratory Technology CMCVellore
15. Basic Haematological Techniques Manipal.

BEMT 2.2T/P Microbiology

Unit - I

General Microbiology

12 hrs

1. Morphology and classification of microorganisms.
2. Growth, nutrition and multiplication of bacteria
3. Sterilization and Disinfection-Principles and use of equipments of sterilization namely hot air oven, autoclave and serum inspissator, pasteurization, antiseptics and disinfectants
4. Immunology - antigen, Antibodies, Immunity, vaccines, types of vaccine and immunization schedule.
5. Hospital acquired infection - Causative agents, transmission methods, investigation, prevention and control of hospital Acquired infections.

Unit - II

Bacteriology

12 hrs

Classification of bacteria, morphology, infections, lab diagnosis, treatment and prevention of common bacterial infections. Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Pneumococcus, Neisseria, Corynebacterium diphtheriae, Clostridia, Enterobacteriaceae - Shigella, Salmonella, Klebsiella, E.coli, Proteus, Vibrio cholerae, Pseudomonas and Spirochetes

Unit III -

Mycobacteriology & Parasitology

12 hrs

Mycobacteria- classification, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis and prevention
Classification, infections and lab diagnosis of following parasites. Entamoeba, Giardia, Malaria, Hookworm, Round worm and Filarial worms.

Unit IV -

Mycology

12 hrs

Morphology, disease caused and lab diagnosis of following fungi. Candida, Cryptococcus, Dermatophytes, opportunistic fungi (Aspergillus, Zygomycetes and Penicillium)

Unit V -

Virology

12 hrs

General properties of viruses, diseases caused lab diagnosis and prevention of following viruses, Herpes, Hepatitis, HIV, Dengue, Influenza, Chikungunya, Rabies and Poliomyelitis.

Practicals: 20 hours

1. Compound microscope and its application in microbiology
2. Demonstration of sterilization equipments: hot air oven, autoclave, bacterial filters. Demonstration of commonly used culture media, nutrient broth, nutrient agar, blood agar, chocolate agar, Mac conkey medium, L J media, Robertson cooked meat media, Mac Conkey agar with LF & NLF, Nutrient agar with staph colonies. Anaerobic culture, Methods and Antibiotic susceptibility test.
3. Demonstration of common serological tests: Widal, VDRL, ASLO, CRP, RF, Rapid tests for HIV, Hbsag and HCV.
4. Grams staining.
5. Acid fast staining.
6. Principles and practice of Biomedical waste management

Practical examination pattern

Spotters (10 spotters carrying 2 marks each) 20 marks

Culture media - 6

Equipments - 2

Slides - 2

Discussion:

1. Gram stain 10 marks
2. Ziehl- Neelsen stain 10 marks

Reference Books

1. Anathanarayana & Panikar: Medical Microbiology - Revised 8th Edition University Press.
2. Parasitology by Chatterjee - Interpretation to Clinical medicine.
3. Textbook of microbiology- Baveja, 5th edition, Arya publications
4. Textbook for laboratory technicians by Ramnik Sood. Jaypee publishers
5. Textbook of parasitology by Paniker. 7th edition

BEMT 2.3T/P Pharmacology

UNIT I-

General Pharmacology, ANS, PNS. -

12 Hrs

Sources of Drugs

Route of drug administration

Pharmacokinetics (Absorption, Metabolism, Distribution, Excretion)

Pharmacodynamics (Mechanisms of action)

Adverse drug reactions

ANS : ADRENERGIC drugs -Adrenaline, Noradrenaline, Ephedrine, Dopamine, Dobutamine

Anti adrenergic-Phentolamine, Phenoxybenzamine, Prazocin, Tamsulosin, Propranolol, Atenolol, Carvedilol

Cholinergic drugs-Acetyl choline, Pilocarpine, Neostigmine, Organophosphorous compounds

Anti cholinergic agents-Atropine, Glycopyrrolate, Ipratropium Bromide, Dicyclomine

Unit II-

PNS, CVS, Renal system -

12 hrs

Skeletal muscle relaxants-D Tubocurarine, Succinyl choline, Diazepam, Dantrolene Local anaesthetics-lignocaine,la+vasoconstrictor

CVS-ionotropic agents -Digoxin, Antianginal drugs-GTN,

Antihypertensives- Betablockers (Propranolol, Atenolol, carvedilol) ,CCBs (Nifedine), Diuretics(Thiazide, Furosemide, ace inhibitors, ARBs, Clonidine Drugs used in treatment of different types of shock, Plasma expanders

Renal system-Diuretics Furosemide, Thiazide, Spiranolactone Antidiuretics-Vasopressin

Unit III-

CNS, Blood -

12 hrs

CNS-general Anaesthetics-nitrous oxide, Halothane, iv anaesthetics Sedative hypnotics-diazepam,barbiturates,zolpidem

Antiepileptics-Phenytoin,carbamazepine,phenobarbitone,valproate Opioid analgesics-morphine, pethidine, codeine

NSAIDS-Aspirin, Diclofenacibuprofen, Selective COX2 inhibitors Respiratory system-treatment of cough And Bronchial asthma Blood-Hematinics, Anticoagulants -Warfarin, Heparin

Thrombolytics & Antiplatelet drugs-streptokinase,/ aspirin, clopidogrel

Unit IV-

GIT, Chemotherapy -

12 hrs

GIT-drugs used in peptic ulcer-ppi,H2 blockers, Antacids Antiemetics- Metaclopramide, Domperidone, Ondansetron Purgatives & Laxatives-bran, ispaghula, Lactulose, Bisacodyl & senna Drugs used in Diarrhoea- ORS, Super ORS, Antimotility drugs (loperamide, diphenoxylate)

Chemotherapy-general considerations MOA, Resistance, Prophylaxis Sulfonamides, cotrimoxazoles, Quinolones Tetracyclines, chloramphenicol Betalactam antibiotics

Unit V-

Chemotherapy , Hormones.-

12 hrs

Aminoglycosides

Macrolides, other antibiotics (vancomycin, linezolid) & treatment of UTI Antifungal (clotrimazole, fluconazole)

Antiviral (Acyclovir, Few drugs used in HAART,)

Cancer chemotherapy

(names, common Adverse effects, general principles in the treatment of cancer)

Hormones-Corticosteroids its uses and adverse effects,

Treatment of Diabetes mellitus(insulin, Metformin, Glibenclamide)

Practical Syllabus: -20 hrs

Dosage forms

Solid Dosage forms

Liquid Dosage forms

Gaseous Dosage forms

Oral route

Parenteral routes

Novel routes

Fixed dose combination-Amoxicillin+clavulinic acid-cotrimoxazole,

Lignocaine+Adrenaline

Drug stations-Adrenaline, dopamine, Dobutamine)

Drug stations-Corticosteroids (hydrocortisone, prednisalone, inhalational

steroids) Drug stations-common antibiotics (amoxicillin, ciprofloxacin,

Azithromycin, Metronidazole, Cephalosporins)

Drug stations-Insulin preparations

Instrument & devices(Nasogastric tube, laryngoscope, Different Catheters, nebulizers, Inhalers, Rotahalers)

Practical examination: 40 marks

1. Dosage Forms : 15 Marks (5 X 3)

Capsules, Tablets, Syrup, Iv, Im, Sc, Ia, Intra Articular -
Advantages (1 Mark), Disadvantages (1 Mark) Examples (1 Mark)

2. Mention the name of the Device/Instruments and uses : 15 marks (5X3)

Inhalares, Rotahalers, Spacehalers, dripsets, vasofix, ryles tube, urinary catheter,
Endotracheal tube, Hand gloves

3. 10 Spotters : 10 marks (10X 1) 2 uses of preparation

Recommended Books

1. K.d. Tripathi, Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, V. Edition, M/s. Jaypee Brothers, Post Box, 7193, G-16, Emca House, 23/23, Bansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi.
2. Padmaja Udaykumar -Pharmacology for Allied Sciences
3. R. S. Satoskar, S.D. Bhandarkar, S. S. Ainapure, Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics, 18th Edition, Single Volume, M/s Popular Prakashan, 350, Madan Mohan Marg, Tardeo, Bombay - 400 034.

BEMT 2.4 Health Care

Learning Objectives

1. To define Health and understand various concepts of Health
2. To know the Health care delivery system in India
3. To know various National Health Programmes of India
4. To have overview of First Aid Principles and guidelines

Unit I.

1a Concepts of Health

Definition of health; evolution in concepts of public health; public health events- sanitary awakening, germ theory of disease, rise of public health in various countries, changing concepts of health- biomedical concept, ecological concept, psycho-social concept and holistic concept.

1b. Dimensions of Health

Physical dimension, mental dimension, Social dimension etc; Common health problems in India - Communicable diseases, Non communicable diseases, MCH problems, Nutritional problems, Environmental sanitation, Glance over National Health profile.

Unit II

2a Evolution of health care delivery systems

History of health care delivery services; Genesis of primary health care; National health policy; MDGs.

2b Levels of health care

Primary health care, secondary health care, tertiary health care.

Primary health care-principles of primary health care, elements of primary health care.

Unit III

3a Primary health care: Delivery of services

Introduction; Structure of health care delivery system; Delivery of primary health care services at village level; Village health guide, ASHA, ICDS: Subcentre: Primary health centre.

3b Secondary and tertiary health care: Delivery of services

Community Health centre; First referral unit; District hospital.

Unit IV

4a Primary health care - Current status in India

Status of health care infrastructure; Health team concept; Health insurance; Social security and social assistance in health; AYUSH.

4b National Health Programmes

Introduction; National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme; National Leprosy Eradication Programme; Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme; National AIDS Control Programme; Universal Immunization Programme; National Rural Health Mission.

Unit V

5a National Health Programmes

Reproductive and Child Health Programme; Integrated Management of Neonatal and Childhood Illnesses; National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis Programme; National Programme for Control of Blindness; National Cancer Control Programme; National Mental Health Programme.

5b First aid

Basic terminologies; general guidelines; first aid in specific situations; Wound, bleeding, fracture, choking, burns, epistaxis, strains and sprain, animal bites (classification, causes and first aid), Cardio-pulmonary resuscitation

Recommended Books

1. Park K. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine. 23rd ed. Jabalpur: Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers, 2015. p.135-141
2. Suryakantha. Textbook of Community medicine with recent advances. 4th edition
3. Bhalwar R editor. Textbook of Public Health and Community Medicine. 2nd Pune, Department of community medicine AFMC; 2012

BEMT 2.5 Psychology

Objective

After studying this applied paper, at the end of the semester students shall be able to demonstrate and develop the skills to understand patients better in the respective field.

Unit -I:

Introduction to Psychology; Meaning and Definitions psychology. Evolution of modern psychology. Scope of Psychology. Branches of psychology. Concept of normality and abnormality.

Unit -II:

Identifying psychological disorders. Anxiety disorders (panic, phobia, OCD, PTSD signs symptoms and management).

Unit -III.:

Stress, Hans Selye Model of stress. Lazarus and Folkman model of stress. Sources of stress. Stress, disease and health. Changing health- impairing behavior.

Unit-IV:

Learning; Meaning, definition, Theories of learning .Pavlov's classical conditioning .Skinner's operant conditioning.

Unit-V:

Therapeutic Techniques. Counselling-meaning and definition. Psychotherapy- meaning and definition. Relaxation-types. (Brief introduction to psychoanalytical, behavioral and cbt techniques)

Recommended Books.

1. C.P. Khokhar (2003) Text book of Stress Coping and Management shalab publishing house.
2. S.M.Kosslyn and R.S.Rosenberg (2006) Psychology in Context. Pearson Education Inc.
3. C.R. Carson, J.N. Bitcher, S.Mineka and J.M. Hooley (2007), Abnormal Psychology 13th, Pearson Education, Inc.
4. D.A. Barlow and V.M. Durand (2004) Abnormal Psychology Wadsworth, Thompson Learning, 3rd edition USA.
5. R.J . Gerrig and P.G. Zimbardo (2006) Psychology and life ,Pearson Education, Inc.
6. Pestonjee, D.M (1999). Stress & coping, The Indian experience 2nd edn. New Delhi, Sage India Publications.

SEMESTER -III

BEMT 3.1T/P Introduction to Emergency Services - Part I

Unit -I

12 hrs

1. Structure and organization of a hospital and its departments
2. Functioning of an ideal emergency medicine department
3. Concept of triage
 - a. Components of triage
 - b. Triage officer
 - c. Triage procedure
4. Multiple and mass casualties
 - a. Difference between multiple and mass casualties
 - b. Triage
 - c. Scenarios
 - d. Equipment
 - e. Disaster preparedness

Unit - II

12 hrs

Ambulance services (A)

1. Preparation of an ambulance

a. Equipment

I. Medical

1. Basic supplies
2. Patient transfer equipment
3. Airways
4. Suction equipment
5. Artificial ventilation devices
6. Oxygen inhalation equipment
7. Cardiac compression equipment
8. Basic wound care supplies
9. Splinting supplies
10. Childbirth supplies
11. Medications
12. Automated external defibrillator

II. Non- Medical

1. Personal safety equipment as per local, state, and central standards
2. Pre-planned routes or comprehensive street maps

b. Personnel

1. Daily inspections
 - a. Inspection of vehicle systems
 - b. Equipment
2. Utilization of safety precautions and seat belts.

Unit - III

12 hrs

Ambulance services (B)

1. Responding to a call
2. Emergency vehicle operations
3. Position and Transport of patient:
 - a. Patient position, prone, lateral, dorsal, dorsal recumbent, Fowler's positions, comfort measures, bed making, rest and sleep.
 - b. Lifting and transporting patients: lifting patients up in the bed, transferring from bed to wheel chair, transferring from bed to stretcher.
4. Loading patients to an ambulance
 - a. Wheeled ambulance stretcher
 - b. Portable ambulance stretcher
 - c. Scoop stretcher
 - d. Long spine board
5. Transferring patients
6. The phases of an ambulance call
7. Disinfection of ambulance following ambulance usage
8. Air ambulances

Unit - IV

12 hrs

Pre hospital care

1. Introduction
2. Vehicles
3. Communications
4. Patient record
5. Personal protective equipment
6. Multiple/ mass casualty - pre-hospital life support

Unit - V

12 hrs

Communication

1. Communication with doctors, colleagues and other staffs.
2. Non-verbal communication, Inter-personnel relationships.
3. patient contact techniques, communication with patients and their relatives

Practicals:

Preparation of an ambulance 10 marks
Problems based on triage 10 marks
Basic life support skills 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchill
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 3.2T/P Emergency Department Equipment Part - I

Unit - I **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Laryngoscopes
2. Endo-tracheal tubes (ETT), boogie
3. Ambu bag and mask

Unit -II **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Airway adjuncts, supra-glottic airway devices including Laryngeal mask airway (LMA)
2. Types of oxygen masks, venturi etc.
3. Oropharyngeal and nasopharyngeal airways (OPA and NPA)

Unit - III **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. ICD tubes, bags, jars, instrument tray
2. Suction apparatus

Unit - IV **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Pulse oximeter
2. EtCO₂ monitor

Unit - V **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Oxygen pipe-line and medical gas cylinders, pipelines and manifold
2. Ambulance (Cervical) Collar, Philadelphia Collar

Practical's:

Application/ connection to patient, usage, calibration, changing settings, demonstrating maintenance of equipment (5 marks x 8 equipment) 40 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 3.3T/P Emergency Department Pharmacology Part - I

Unit - I **12 hrs**

1. Preparation of injections and infusions
2. Dilution, reconstitution, infusion, bolus, setting rate of infusion, apparatus for infusion

Unit - II **12 hrs**

Routes of administration of medications, advantages, disadvantages, few common medications given by that route:

Ointments	Subcutaneous
Creams	Intra muscular
Drops: Eye and ear	Intra venous
Intra nasal	Intra arterial
Per oral	Intra thecal
Sublingual	Epidural
Intra dermal	Rectal suppository
Trans dermal	Vaginal pessary

Unit - III **12 hrs**

Indications for use, dosage, route and method of administration and adverse effects of drugs commonly used in the Emergency Department

INJ 25% and 50% Dextrose

IVF DNS

IVF NS

IVF RL

IVF 5% Dextrose

Anti-Tetanus immunization

Anti-Snake Venom

Anti-Rabies immunization

Lidocaine, Lidocaine +Adrenaline

Unit - IV **12 hrs**

Indications for use, dosage, route and method of administration and adverse effects of drugs commonly used in the Emergency Department

Diclofenac

Paracetamol

Fentanyl

Pethidine

Morphine

Pentazocine (Fortwin)

Tramadol

Dicyclomine

Hyoscine

Ketamine

Propofol

Thiopentone

Etomidate

Succinyl Choline

Vecuronium, Atracurium
Neostigmine
Glycopyrolate

Unit - V

12 hrs

Indications for use, dosage, route and method of administration and adverse effects of drugs commonly used in the Emergency Department

Atropine

Adrenaline

Chlorpheniramine (Avil)

Frusemide (Lasix)

Adenosine

Noradrenaline

Vasopressin

Dopamine

Dobutamine

Labetalol

Nitroglycerine

Diltiazem

Amiodarone

Practical's:

Problems based on drug dosage calculation 10 marks

Demonstration of strategies to reduce medication error (Role-play) 10 marks

Preparation of IV injection/ infusion 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 3.4 Computer Application

1 Overview

- Functionalities of a computer
- Definition
- Advantages
- Disadvantages

2 Applications

- Banking
- Insurance
- Education
- Marketing
- Health Care
- Engineering Design
- Military
- Communication
- Government

3 Generations

- First Generation
- Second Generation
- Third Generation
- Fourth Generation
- Fifth Generation

4 Types of Computer

- PC (Personal Computer)
- Workstation
- Minicomputer
- Mainframe
- Supercomputer

5 Components

- Input Unit
- CPU (Central Processing Unit)
- Output Unit

6 CPU - Central Processing Unit

- Memory or Storage Unit
- Control Unit
- ALU (Arithmetic Logic Unit)
- Arithmetic Section
- Logic Section

7 Input Devices

- Keyboard
- Mouse
- Advantages
- Joystick
- Light Pen
- Track Ball
- Scanner
- Digitizer
- Microphone
- Magnetic Ink Card Reader(MICR)
- Optical Character Reader(OCR)
- Bar Code Readers
- Optical Mark Reader(OMR)

8 Output Devices

- Monitors
- Cathode-Ray Tube (CRT) Monitor
- Flat-Panel Display Monitor
- Printers
- Impact Printers
- Character Printers
- Dot Matrix Printer
- Daisy Wheel
- Line Printers
- Drum Printer
- Chain Printer
- Non-impact Printers
- Laser Printers
- Inkjet Printers

9 Memory

- Cache Memory
- Primary Memory (Main Memory)
- Secondary Memory

10 Random Access Memory

- Static RAM (SRAM)
- Dynamic RAM (DRAM)

11 Read Only Memory

- MROM (Masked ROM)
- PROM (Programmable Read only Memory)
- EPROM(Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory)
- EEPROM (Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory)
- Advantages of ROM

12 Mother board

- Features of Mother board
- Popular Manufacturers
- Description of Mother board

13Memory Units

14Ports

- Serial Port
- Parallel Port
- PS/2 Port
- VGA Port
- Power Connector
- Firewire Port
- Modem Port
- Ethernet Port
- Game Port
- Digital Video Interface, DVI port
- Sockets

15Hardware

- Relationship between Hardware and Software

16Software

- System Software
- Application Software

17Number System

- Decimal Number System
- Binary Number System
- Octal Number
- Hexadecimal Number System

18Data and Information

- Data Processing Cycle

19Networking

- Characteristics of Computer Network
- Cables
- Router
- Network Card
- Internal Network Cards
- External Network Cards

20Operating System

- Objectives of Operating System
- Characteristics of Operating System

21 Internet and Intranet

- Similarities in Internet and Intranet
- Differences in Internet and Intranet

22 Computer Viruses

- Types of computer virus
- Use of Antivirus software

Practicals:

Suggested Hands on Exercises Operating System:

1. Starting the Windows Starting a program, running a program Running multiple programs and switching between windows Customizing the Task bar Recycle bin, restoring the deleted files
2. Creating and removing folders Making the taskbar wider, arranging icons on the Desktop Displaying and hiding the taskbar clock Controlling the size of start menu options Creating Shortcuts.
3. Customizing desktop view Adding a program to the start menu Adding a program shortcut in the Desktop Customizing the mouse settings
4. Expanding and collapsing a folder Recognizing File types using icons Running a program from explorer Renaming a file or folder Sorting a folder
5. Displaying the properties for a file or folder Using cut and paste operations to move a file Using copy and paste operations to copy a file Moving and copying files with mouse Searching a file or folder by using search command
6. Finding a file or folder, by name Defragmenting the disk, using disk defragmenter Controlling the speaker volume Recording and saving an audio file Connecting a printer to the PC

Word Processing:

1. Preparing a Govt. Order / Official Letter / Business Letter / Circular Letter Covering formatting commands - font size and styles - bold, underline, upper case, lower case, superscript, subscript, indenting paragraphs, spacing between lines and characters, tab settings etc.
2. Preparing a newsletter: To prepare a newsletter with borders, two columns text, header and footer and inserting a graphic image and page layout.
3. Creating and using styles and templates To create a style and apply that style in a document To create a template for the styles created and assemble the styles for the template.
4. Creating and editing the table to create a table using table menu To create a monthly calendar using cell editing operations like inserting, joining, deleting, splitting and merging cells To create a simple statement for math calculations viz. Totaling the column.
5. Creating numbered lists and bulleted lists To create numbered list with different formats (with numbers, alphabets, roman letters) To create a bulleted list with different bullet characters.
6. Printing envelopes and mail merge. To print envelopes with from addresses and to addresses To use mail merge facility for sending a circular letter to many persons To use mail merge facility for printing mailing labels.
7. Using the special features of word To find and replace the text To spell check and correct. To generate table of contents for a document To prepare index for a document.

- 8 Create an advertisement Prepare a resume. Prepare a Corporate Circular letter inviting the shareholders to attend the Annual Meeting.

Work Sheet:

1. Using formulas and functions: To prepare a Worksheet showing the monthly sales of a company in different branch offices (Showing Total Sales, Average Sales). Prepare a Statement for preparing Result of 10 students in 5 Courses (using formula to get Distinction, I Class, II Class and Fail under Result column against each student).
2. Operating on the sheets: Finding, deleting and adding records, formatting columns, row height, merging, splitting columns etc. Connecting the Worksheets and enter the data.
3. Creating Different type of Charts: To create a chart for comparing the monthly sales of a company in different branch offices.
4. Using the data consolidate command: To use the data consolidate command to calculate the total amount budgeted for all departments (wages, travel and entertainment, office supplies and so on) or to calculate the average amount budgeted for - say, department office expenses.
5. Sorting Data, Filtering Data and creation of Pivot tables.

Presentation::

1. Creating a new Presentation based on a template - using Auto content wizard, design template and Plain blank presentation.
2. Creating a Presentation with Slide Transition - Automatic and Manual with different effects.
3. Creating a Presentation applying Custom Animation effects – Applying multiple effects to the same object and changing to a different effect and removing effects.
4. Inserting Objects Creating and Printing handouts.
5. Publishing Presentation Exporting Presentations.

Internet:

1. Understanding different types of Browser Programs and Internet file types.(.html, pdf etc.)
2. Searching for a web site / application / text documents viewing and downloading.
3. Create an E-mail account, Retrieving messages from inbox, replying, attaching files filtering and forwarding
4. Operating on a Tablet / Smart Phone - browsing and practicing on some important applications (Uc Browser, Skype) - operating on internet - creating and sending messages / mails using the applications like WhatsApp and We Chat etc.- downloading text and media files and video conferencing using Skype.

BEMT 3.5 Environment Science and Health

Learning Objectives

1. To know various Environmental factors Health
2. To learn the modes of disease transmission and various control measures

Unit I

1. a. Introduction to Environment and Health and Water

Ecological definition of Health, Population perspective of relations, Health & environment perspective of relations, Environmental factors, Environmental Sanitation, Need to study environmental health, Predominant reasons for ill-health in India

1. b. Water

Safe and wholesome water, requirements, uses, sources; sanitary well; Hand pump; water Pollution; Purification of water; large scale & small scale; slow sand filters; rapid sand filters; Purification of Water on a small scale; Household purification, Disinfection of wells; water quality criteria & standards.

Unit II

Air, Light, Noise, Radiation

- 2 a. Air

Composition, Indices of Thermal Comfort, Air pollutants, Air Pollution - Health Effects, Environmental Effects, Green-house effect, Social & Economic Effects, Monitoring, Prevention & Control.

2. b. Light, Noise, Radiation

Natural and Artificial light; Properties, sources, noise pollution and its control, types, sources, biological effects and protection.

Unit III

Waste and Excreta Disposal

- 3 a. Disposal of Wastes

Solid Wastes, Health hazards, Methods of Disposal; Dumping, Controlled tipping/ sanitary landfill, Incineration, Composting.

- 3 b. Excreta Disposal

Public health importance, Health hazards, sanitation barrier, Methods of excreta disposal, unsewered areas and sewerage areas, sewage, Modern Sewage Treatment.

Unit IV

Housing and Health and Medical Entomology

- 4 a. Housing and Health

Human Settlement, Social goals of housing, Criteria for Healthful Housing by Expert Committee of the WHO, Housing standards- Environmental Hygiene Committee, Rural Housing Standards, Overcrowding, Indicators of Housing.

- 4 b. Medical Entomology

Classification of Arthropods, Routes of Disease transmission, Control measures.

Unit V

Insecticides and Rodents

- 5 a. Insecticides Types, mechanism of action, dosage and application for control of insects.
- 5 b. Rodents Rodents and its importance in disease, along with anti-rodent measures.

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Park K. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine. 23rd ed. Jabalpur: Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers; 2015. p.135-141
2. Suryakantha. Textbook of Community Medicine with recent advances. 4th edition.
3. Bhalwar R. Textbook of Public Health and Community Medicine. 2nd edition. Pune: Department of Community Medicine AFMC, 2012

SEMESTER -IV

BEMT 4.1T/P Introduction to Emergency Services - Part II

Unit - I	12 hrs
Principles of resuscitation	
1. Sudden cardiac death	
2. Cardiac, respiratory arrest	
3. Basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in adults	
4. Advanced cardiac life support	
5. Resuscitation in neonates	
6. Resuscitation in pediatrics	
7. Resuscitation in pregnancy	
8. Ethical issues	
Unit - II	12 hrs
Specific resuscitative procedures	
1. Airway management	
2. Breathing and ventilation management	
3. Venous and intraosseous access	
4. Defibrillation and cardioversion	
5. Fluid and blood resuscitation	
6. Vasoactive agents in resuscitation	
7. Arrhythmias	
8. Emergency surgical procedures including cricothyroidotomy, needle thoracocentesis, ICD tube insertion, pericardiocentesis, and tourniquet application	
Unit - III	12 hrs
The emergency response team	
Characteristics of team leader, roles of team members, closed loop communication, constructive criticism	
Unit - IV	12 hrs
Universal Precautions and Infection Control:	
1. Hand washing and hygiene.	
2. Injuries and Personal protection, Insulation and safety procedures.	
3. Aseptic techniques, sterilization and disinfection.	
4. Disinfection and Sterilization of devices and equipment	
5. Central sterilization and supply department	
6. Biomedical Medical waste management	

Unit - V

12 hrs

1. Documentation

The patient's medical record, charting, electronic medical records, hand-off at shift change and when transferring the patient

2. Medico legal aspects

Practicals:

Preparation of an ambulance 10 marks

Problems based on triage 10 marks

Basic life support skills 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David

2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine

3. Guide for practitioners in ED

4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil

5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 4.2T/P Emergency Department Equipment - Part II

Unit - I **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Electrocardiograph
2. Multi-parameter monitors

Unit - II **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Defibrillator, AED
2. Ventilator

Unit - III **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Crash cart
2. Trolleys and stretchers
3. Anesthesia work-station

Unit - IV **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Splints, Plaster Of Paris and immobilization devices
2. Dressing and procedure packs and materials
3. Foleys catheter
4. Nasogastric tube

Unit - V **12 hrs**

Basic principle, description, types, usage, calibration and maintenance of:

1. Point of care (POC) investigations including POC ultrasound, Bedside X ray, POC blood and urine investigations

Practical's: Emergency Department Equipment

Application/ connection to patient, usage, calibration, changing settings, demonstrating maintenance of equipment (5 marks x 8 equipment) 40 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig l. Scanlon

BEMT 4.3T/P Emergency Department Pharmacology - Part II

Unit - I **12 hrs**

Review of prescription writing, parts of a prescription, abbreviations used and their interpretation

Unit - II **12 hrs**

Medication errors, look alike and sound alike drugs, strategies to reduce error

Unit - III **12 hrs**

Indications for use, dosage, route and method of administration, and adverse effects of drugs commonly used in the Emergency Department

Glyceryl Trinitrate

Sorbitrate

Aspirin

Clopidogrel

Atorvastatin

Pottasium Chloride

Sodium Bicarbonate

Calcium Gluconate

ORS Sachets

Unit - IV **12 hrs**

Indications for use, dosage, route and method of administration, and adverse effects of drugs commonly used in the Emergency Department:

Pralidoxime

Tranexamic Acid

Thiamine

Human Actrapid

Vit K

Octreotide

Protamine Sulphate

Heparin

Activated Charcoal

Deriphyllin

Salbutamol

Ipratropium

Budesonide

Hydrocortisone

Dexamethasone

Methylprednisolone

Unit - V

12 hrs

Indications for use, dosage, route and method of administration, and adverse effects of drugs commonly used in the Emergency Department:

Pantoprazole

Ranitidine

Ondansetron

Metoclopramide

Phenytoin, Fosphenytoin

Phenobarbitone

Lorazepam, Diazepam, Midazolam

Mannitol

Oxytocin

Methyl Ergometrine

Magnesium Sulphate

Practicals: Emergency Department Pharmacology

Problems based on drug dosage calculation 10 marks

Demonstration of strategies to reduce medication error (Role-play) 10 marks

Preparation of IV injection/ infusion 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 4 .4 Biostatistics and Research Methodology

Learning Objectives

1. To have a basic knowledge of biostatistics and its applications in medicine
2. To know various types of data presentation and data summarization in Medical field
3. To have overview of data analysis and sampling techniques
4. To understand various study designs in Medical field
5. To know applications of various study designs in Medical Research

Unit I-

Introduction and Presentation of data

Meaning, Branches of Statistics, Uses of statistics in medicine, Basic concepts, Scales of measurement, Collection of data, Presentation of data; Tabulation, Frequency Distribution, Diagrammatic and Graphical Representation of Data.

Unit II-

Measures of central tendency and Measures of Variation

Arithmetic Mean (Mean), Median, Mode, Partition values, Range, Interquartile range, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variation.

Unit III-

Probability and standard distributions

Definition of some terms commonly encountered in probability, Probability distributions; Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, Normal distribution, Divergence from normality; Skewness and kurtosis

Unit IV-

Census and Sampling Methods

Census and sample survey, Common terms used in sampling theory, Non-probability (Non random) Sampling Methods; Convenience sampling, Consecutive Sampling, Quota sampling, Snowball sampling, Judgmental sampling or Purposive sampling, Volunteer sampling, Probability (Random) Sampling methods; Simple random sampling, Systematic Sampling, Stratified Sampling, Cluster sampling, Multi-stage sampling, Sampling error, Non-sampling error.

Unit V-

Inferential statistics

Parameter and statistic, Estimation of parameters; Point estimation, Interval Estimation, Testing of hypothesis; Null and alternative hypotheses, Type-I and Type-II Errors.

Research Methodology

Unit I -

Introduction to research methodology

Types of research; Descriptive vs. Analytical, Applied vs. Fundamental, Quantitative vs. Qualitative, Conceptual vs. Empirical, Some Other Types of Research

Unit II -

Study Designs-Observational Studies

Epidemiological study designs; Observational studies, Descriptive studies; Case reports, Case series, Analytical studies; Case control studies, Cohort studies, Cross sectional

Unit III-

Experimental Studies

Experimental studies (Interventional studies); Randomized control Trials (Clinical trials), Field trials, Community trials, Nm-Randomized Trials

Unit IV-

Uses of Epidemiology

Unit V-

Application of study Designs in Medical Research

References

1. K.R.Sundaram, S.N.Dwivedi and V Sreenivas (2010), Medical statistics, principles and methods, BI Publications Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
2. NSN Rao and NS Murthy (2008), Applied Statistics in Health Sciences, Second Edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
3. J.V.Dixit and L.B.Suryavanshi (1996), Principles and practice of biostatistics, First Edition, M/S Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers.
4. GetuDegu and Fasil Tessema (2005), Biostatistics, Ethiopia Public Health Training Initiative.
5. Park K. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine. 23rd ed. Jabalpur: Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers, 2015. p.135-141.
6. Suryakantha. Textbook of Community medicine with recent advances. 4th edition.
7. Bhalwar R. Textbook of Public Health and Community Medicine.2nd Edition. Pune, Department of Community Medicine AFMC, 2012.
8. Leon Gordis. Epidemiology Fourth Edition - Elsevier Saunders Publication.

BEMT 4.5 Constitution of India

Unit - I:

Meaning of the term 'Constitution'. Making of the Indian Constitution 1946-1950.

Unit - II:

The democratic institutions created by the constitution, Bicameral system of Legislature at the Centre and in the States.

Unit - III:

Fundamental rights and duties their content and significance.

Unit - IV:

Directive principles of States, policies the need to balance fundamental rights with directive principles.

Unit - V:

Special rights created in the Constitution for dalits, backwards, women and children and the religious and linguistic minorities.

Unit - VI:

Doctrine of Separation of Powers, legislative, executive and judicial and their functioning in India.

Unit - VII:

The Election Commission and State Public Service commissions.

Unit - VIII:

Method of amending the Constitution.

Unit - IX:

Enforcing rights through writs.

Unit - X:

Constitution and sustainable development in India.

Recommended Books:

1. J.C. Johari. The Constitution of India. A Politico-Legal Study. Sterling Publication, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
2. J.N. Pandey. Constitution Law of India, Allahbad, Central Law Agency, 1998.
3. Granville Austin. The Indian Constitution. Corner Stone of a Nation-Oxford, New Delhi, 2000.

SEMESTER- V

BEMT 5.1T/P Medical Emergencies - Part I

Unit - I:

12 hrs

Cardiovascular Emergencies

1. Approach to Chest pain - possible differential diagnosis, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the emergency department
2. Acute coronary syndrome - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, emergency management, ACLS protocols
3. Acute decompensated heart failure - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
4. Bradyarrhythmia - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, ACLS protocols
5. Tachyarrhythmia - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, ACLS protocols
6. Aortic dissection - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
7. Deep vein thrombosis- presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the emergency department, basic initial management
8. Pulmonary thromboembolism- presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management

Unit - II:

12 hrs

Pulmonary Emergencies

Approach to the patient with breathlessness and possible differential diagnosis; presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the emergency department of

1. Respiratory failure
2. Upper airway obstruction
3. Pneumothorax
4. Acute asthma
5. Acute exacerbation of COPD
6. Hemoptysis
7. Pleural effusion and empyema
8. Pneumonia

Unit - III:

12 hrs

Fluid and Electrolyte Disturbances

Fluid compartments; possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Hypovolemia
2. Fluid overload states
3. Hyperkalemia
4. Hypokalemia
5. Hyponatremia
6. Hyponatremia
7. Hypocalcemia

Unit - IV:

12 hrs

Neurological Emergencies

1. Approach to the unconscious patient
2. Seizure disorder and Status epilepticus - possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
3. Ischemic stroke -presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, ACLS protocol
4. Intracerebral hemorrhage - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, ACLS protocol
5. Meningoencephalitis - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management

Unit - V:

12 hrs

Shock and sepsis

1. Definition and types of shock
2. Cardiogenic shock - possible causes, investigations and emergency management
3. Anaphylaxis and anaphylactic shock - possible causes, investigations and emergency management
4. Sepsis - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management

Practicals: Medical Emergencies

Preparing an ambulance for medical emergency 10 marks

Responding to a call and scene management of medical emergency 10 marks

Receiving and resuscitating a patient with a medical emergency in the emergency department 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 5.2T/P Trauma, Burns and Electrocution

Unit - I: **12 hrs**

Hemorrhagic shock

1. Grading of hemorrhagic shock
2. Initial management
3. Blood transfusion - blood products, method of administration, precautions, identification and initial management of complications
4. Massive transfusion

Unit - II: **12 hrs**

Trauma (A)

1. Approach to the trauma victim - initial assessment, primary and secondary survey, ABCDE approach
2. Head injury - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
3. Thoracic Trauma - blunt and penetrating trauma, the open sucking chest wound, tension pneumothorax, cardiac tamponade, rib fractures, flail chest, pneumothorax, hemothorax, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
4. Abdominal Trauma - blunt and penetrating trauma, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management

Unit - III: **12 hrs**

Trauma (B)

1. Spinal injury - spinal shock, neurogenic shock, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
2. Extremity trauma - fracture, neurovascular injury, compartment syndrome, crush syndrome, immobilization and tourniquet, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
3. Pediatric trauma - special considerations
4. Trauma in pregnancy- special considerations

Unit - IV: **12 hrs**

Burns

1. Type, depth and percentage of burns
2. Fluid resuscitation - Parkland formula, choice of fluid
3. Criteria for referral to burns center
4. Burns wound management in the ED
5. Escharotomy/ Fasciotomy
6. Medicolegal aspects

Unit - V:

12 hrs

Electrocution

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management

Practicals:

Trauma emergencies

Preparing an ambulance for trauma 10 marks

Responding to a call and scene management of trauma 10 marks

Receiving and resuscitating a patient with trauma in the emergency department 20marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for Practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 5.3T/P Paediatric Emergencies

Unit - I: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Stridor in children
2. Wheezing

Unit - II: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Cyanosis in infants and neonates
2. Diphtheria
3. Pneumonia

Unit - III: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Fever, febrile convulsions
2. Diarrhea and dehydration

Unit - IV: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Status asthmaticus in children
2. Status epilepticus in children

Unit - V: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Septic Shock in children
2. Child abuse

Practicals:

Airway management and resuscitation of an infant 10 marks

Airway management and resuscitation of a child 10 marks

OSCE 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

6. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
7. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
8. Guide for practitioners in ED
9. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchill
10. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 5.4 Preparation of Difficult Internation

Diffrent Equipments Required

1. Medical Ethics - Introduction
2. Three Cor Contents in Medical Ethics - Best Interest, Autonomy Unrights
3. Doctors, Patient & Profession

BEMT 5.5 Medical Ethics

General Considerations of Medical Ethics

1. Medical Ethics - Introduction
2. Three Core Contents in Medical Ethics - Best Interest, Autonomy, Unrights
3. Doctors, Patient & Profession

Special Considerations of Medical Ethics

1. Consent
2. Confidentiality
3. Genetics
4. Reproductive Medicine
5. Mental Health
6. End of life and Organ Transplantation
7. Research & Clinical Trials

Recommended Books Recent Editions.

1. Medical Ethics & Law, The Core Curriculum
2. Author - Tony Hope, Atlas
3. Reference book No. 16715 Center Library

SEMESTER - VI

BEMT 6.1T/P Medical Emergencies - Part II

Unit - I: 12 hrs

Gastrointestinal Emergencies

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Acute gastroenteritis
2. Upper GI bleed
3. Lower GI Bleed
4. Acute pancreatitis

Unit - II: 12 hrs

Endocrine and Metabolic Emergencies

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Hypoglycemia
2. Hyperosmolar hyperglycemic state
3. Diabetic ketoacidosis
4. Adrenal crisis
5. Myxedema coma
6. Thyroid storm

Unit - III: 12 hrs

Renal Emergencies

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Urinary tract infections
2. Acute renal failure
3. Acute pulmonary edema in renal failure

Unit - IV: 12 hrs

Bites and Stings

1. Snake bites- common Indian venomous snakes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management
2. Animal bites - dog bites, wild animal bites, early management and rabies prophylaxis
3. Bee, wasp, spider, scorpion and other stings - initial management

Unit - V:

12 hrs

Other Medical Emergencies

1. Fever - assessment of the patient, early identification of warning signs of sepsis, early management
2. Poisoning and drug overdose - Decontamination, common poisons encountered, basic initial management
3. Purpura, Urticaria, Fixed drug eruptions, Toxic epidermo necrolysis, Steven Johnson's syndrome

Practicals:

Preparing an ambulance for medical emergency 10 marks

Responding to a call and scene management of medical emergency 10 marks

Receiving and resuscitating a patient with a medical emergency in the emergency department 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 6.2T/P Surgical Emergencies

Unit - I: **12 hrs**

Abdominal Emergencies

Approach to pain abdomen and presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Peritonitis
2. Acute cholecystitis
3. Cholangitis
4. Hollow viscus perforation
5. Acute appendicitis
6. Intestinal obstruction
7. Peptic ulcer disease
8. Renal and ureteric calculi
9. Acute retention of urine
10. Paraphimosis

Unit - II: **12 hrs**

Skin and soft tissue infections

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Cellulitis
2. Nectrotising fasciitis
3. Carbuncle
4. Abscesses
5. Gas gangrene

Unit - III: **12 hrs**

Emergencies of the Ear, Nose, and Throat

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Epistaxis
2. Foreign body in ear, nose, throat
3. Foreign body in trachea
4. Stridor for evaluation
5. Emergency cricothyroidotomy
6. Emergency tracheostomy

Unit - IV: **12 hrs**

Oral and Neck Emergencies

1. Gingivitis, dental caries, and dental abscesses - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment, basic initial management
2. Ludwig's angina - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment, basic initial management

Unit - V: **12 hrs**

Ophthalmic Emergencies

Presenting symptoms, clinical assessment, basic initial management of

1. Foreign body in the eye
2. Trauma to the eye
3. Eye infections
4. Red eye

Practicals: Surgical Emergencies

Preparing an ambulance for patient with surgical emergencies 10 marks

Responding and communicating back to a hospital of a surgical patient 10 marks

Receiving and resuscitating a patient with surgical emergencies in the emergency department 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual - George Mathew, KBI Churchil
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

BEMT 6.3T/P Psychiatric, Geriatric and Obstetric Emergencies

Unit - I: **12 hrs**

1. Approach to the geriatric patient
2. Fall in elderly - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment, basic initial management

Unit - II: **12 hrs**

1. Acute mania, Anxiety and panic attacks - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment, basic initial management
2. Depression - presenting symptoms, clinical assessment, basic initial management
3. Restraints, pharmacological restraint and medico-legal issues of restraint

Unit - III: **12 hrs**

1. Assessment of a pregnant patient
2. Conducting normal delivery
3. Emergency Caesarean section

Unit - IV: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Antepartum hemorrhage
2. Post partum hemorrhage

Unit - V: **12 hrs**

Possible causes, presenting symptoms, clinical assessment and point of care investigations in the field and emergency department, basic initial management of

1. Preeclampsia
2. Eclampsia
3. Ectopic pregnancy

Practicals:

Airway management and resuscitation of a pregnant woman 10 marks

Responding to a frail elderly patient with fall at home 10 marks

OSCE 20 marks

Reference Books (latest edition)

1. Handbook of Emergency Care - Suresh David
2. Introduction to Clinical Emergency Medicine
3. Guide for practitioners in ED
4. Medicine Preparation Manual- George Mathew, KBI Churchill
5. Fundamentals of Respiratory Care- Egan's - Craig I. Scanlon

Elective-2 Ventilator Management

- Different modes of ventilation-SIMV,AC,PS-PEEP
- Troubleshooting alarms in ventilated patients
- Care of endotracheal tubes/tracheostomy tubes in ventilated patients

Allied-6-Hospital Management

1. **Quality Concepts:** Definition of Quality, Dimensions of Quality, Basic concepts of Total Quality Management, Quality Awards. Accreditations for hospitals: Understanding the process of getting started on the road to accreditation, National and International Accreditation bodies, overview of standards- ISO (9000 & 14000 environmental standards), NABH, NABL, JCI, JACHO.
2. **Hospital Information System:** Hospital Information System Management and software applications in registration, billing, investigations, reporting, ward management and bed distribution, medical records management, materials management and inventory control, pharmacy management, dietary services, management, information processing. Security and ethical challenges.
3. **Inventory Control:** Concept, various costs of inventory, Inventory techniques- ABC, SDE / VED Analysis, EOQ models. Storage: Importance and functions of storage. Location and layout of stores. Management of receipts and issue of materials from stores, Warehousing costs, Stock verification.
4. **Equipment Operations management:** Hospital equipment repair and maintenance, types of maintenance, job orders, equipment maintenance log books, AMCS, outsourcing of maintenance services, quality and reliability, concept of failure, equipment history and documents, replacement policy, calibration tests, spare parts stocking techniques and polices
5. **Biomedical Waste Management:** Meaning, Categories of Biomedical Wastes, Colour code practices, Segregation, Treatment of biomedical waste-Incineration and its importance. Standards for waste autoclaving, microwaving. Packaging, Transportation & Disposal of biomedical wastes.



REGISTRAR
BLDE (Deemed to be University)
Vijayapura-586103. Karnataka